

SPECIAL!

First grade round mouth shovels, well balanced, at the low price of.....\$1.25 each.

We wish to call to the attention of John Deere Plow owners, that it pays to buy genuine J.D. shares for their plows. Following are the prices for standard John Deere crucible plow shares.

No. 215 Crucible Q.D.	\$3.00
.. 217 Crucible Q.D.	3.25
.. 218 Crucible Q.D.	3.75
.. 232 Breaker Q.D.	3.50
.. 245 Breaker Q.D.	4.00

J. L. ACHESON

EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE

John Deere DeLaval Milklets and
Farm Machinery Cream Separators

Free Delivery

Regal Oil Ltd.
have installed and
are now operating
a Service Station in Oyen

Gasoline Coal oil Greases
Lubricating oils etc.

Chas. P. Snyder - Agent



"Its big car
Luxury
attracted
me"

NOT that its luxury is its chief Big car attraction. Beauty and performance compete for that distinction. But such luxury as Pontiac Big Six provides is so unusual in any size the higher priced cars that Pontiac is becoming the favorite with lady drivers. And "luxury" means more than the inviting interior of Bodies by Fisher. It includes the effortless steering... the care-dispelling mastery of highway and hill... the cushioning comfort of Lovejoy Shock Absorbers.

Experience its Big Six luxury, at the driver's seat... on the road. P-17-4-222

Pontiac

BIG 6

Johnson's Garage

Oyen, Alberta Phone 14

PRODUCT OF GENERAL MOTORS OF CANADA, LIMITED

M. D. of Cereal

The council of the Municipal District of Cereal No. 212, met in the municipal office at Oyen, Alberta on Saturday, April 13, 1920, at 10 o'clock a.m.

All the councillors were present.

The minutes of the council meeting of March 13, and the financial statements for the month of March were approved.

The correspondence was considered and disposed of.

The date of the proposed sale of lands under the Tax Recovery Act was postponed from May 11 to June 8, 1920.

Capt. Milley of the Salvation Army interviewed the council in regard to a grant.

Geo. Jenson of the Richardson Road Machinery and W. Rogers of the Western Products Co., interviewed the council in regard to culverts.

G. A. Sinclair of the Sawyer Massey Co., interviewed the council in regard to power for pulling Road Graders.

The Secretary was instructed to issue Agreement of Sale to T. A. Robinson for the S.W. 28-24-4.

The Secretary was instructed to cancel the taxes on the S.W. 28-24-4, leased in previous years by Homer Nelson.

The council approved the School Payments made by the Receiver and Secretary for the months of March.

The council agreed to lease the S.E. 20-28-4 to R. Chisman, for the year 1920.

By-law No. 27 being a by-law authorizing the purchase of three road maintainers was finally passed.

The estimates of the year were approved and the mill rate set at 11 mills on the dollar valuation.

The council agreed to engage H. Thugstad to do the grading for the year 1920.

The council recommended an adjustment to the Debt Adjustment Board on the N.E. 10-27-5-4.

An order for fifty steel culverts was given to the Richardson Road Machinery Co.

The Secretary was instructed to post up a list showing the lands acquired by the Municipal District under the Tax Recovery Act which the Municipal District is able to give clear title to, showing the cash price which the council will take for clear title.

The council set the fair Sale price on several parcels of land acquired under the Tax Recovery Act against which there are still Dominion Liens, with a view of having the Debt Adjustment Board adjust same.

The council agreed to accept the offer of J. O. Hale for the purchase of the N.E. 18-27-4-4.

The council agreed to supply to adjacent ratepayers poison for vacant lands upon an order from the councillor of the division.

The roadwork and other accounts were passed.

The council decided to earn the Capital Income Grants out of the general funds estimated

(Continued on page 8.)

New Business Started

Mr. W. J. Hodges, formerly of Stettler, Alta., has started a bakery business in Oyen, and turned out the first batch of bread yesterday.

At the end of June, Mr. Hodges will lease the premises now occupied by the Hat Shoppe, when he will conduct an up-to-date bakery and confectionery store.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

The following List of Lands have been acquired by the Municipal District of Cereal No. 212. The Municipal District is prepared to give a clear Title for the sum set opposite each parcel. If interested address J. P. Hornebeck, Secretary-Treasurer, Oyen, Alberta. Terms Cash.

Section	Twp.	Rge.	M.	Price
N.W. 35	20	8	4	\$250.00
S.W. 10	27	6	4	500.00
S.E. 27	27	6	4	100.00
E. 1	9	28	6	500.00
N.W. 35	27	6	4	500.00
E. 1	7	26	6	600.00
S.E. 27	26	6	4	250.00
S.E. 20	28	6	4	500.00
N.E. 30	28	4	4	300.00
Oyen Plan 5732, Lot 8, Bk. 2				40.00

MORTGAGE SALE OF VALUABLE (FARM) PROPERTY

UNDER and by virtue of the Powers and Authorities vested in the Land Titles Act, under a certain mortgage which will be produced at the time of the sale.

There will be offered for sale by public auction at the Post Office in the Village of Oyen, in the Province of Alberta, on Saturday the 4th day of May 1920, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, namely: The south east quarter of section three (3) in township seven (7) range (27) north (3) west of the 4th meridian, excepting thereout and therefrom all mines and minerals and reserving to the Crown and the right to work the same.

Terms of the sale to be 20 per cent, cash at the time of the sale, and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the vendor's solicitors.

The above property will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserve bid and free from all encumbrances, save taxes for the current year. The vendor is informed that the above property is situated about twelve miles from Oyen and that seventy acres have been cultivated. It is a clay plain with clay subsoil and there are 15 miles of two wire fencing and a well on the property. It is a good location for a farm. It is a good location for a farm. It is a good location for a farm.

TAKE AT OYEN this 25th day of February A.D. 1920.

BROWNLEE, PORTER & BARKIN
Vendor's Solicitors

Approved (seal) W. Forbes Registrar.

Tennis Club Organized For 1920

Oyen Tennis Club has organized for the 1920 season with the following officers: J. B. Lowe, president, H. R. Chapin, vice-president, M. J. Davies, secretary-Treasurer, H. O. LaBelle, manager, executive committee, Miss Norman, Miss Winnie Love, Father Lynett, Robt. Nisbet, R. J. Scott and Dr. McGregor.

The fees have been set at: Men \$3.00, Ladies \$2.00. The formation of a junior club for the young people, 10 and under, is being arranged. Work is now being done on the courts which will soon be in good condition for play.

Under the auspices of the club, a dance will be given in Oyen Theatre next Wednesday. You are cordially invited to be present.

Holy Communion at All Saints

A celebration of Holy Communion will be held at All Saints Church, Oyen, at 12 o'clock noon, Sunday, April 28, to which all members of the Anglican Church are most earnestly invited. Rev. W. D. Hasel of Loversburg, Rural Dean, will officiate assisted by Rev. F. S. Smith, present curate-in-charge and Rev. L. C. Scott, the newly appointed incumbent.

Rev. Smith has been appointed to St. George's, Moose Jaw, and as the above service is the last one he will be present at, he is desirous that as many as possible will attend, so he may say "good bye" and also present Mr. Scott to the congregation. All church members please be present and show your appreciation of services rendered.

A Welcome

You are always welcome here, but this time we extend a welcome to a new enterprise, a welcome to business circles in Oyen to Mr. Hodges who has opened a bakery business. May his establishment grow until it covers a couple of lots in our fair city.

Ask at our counter for "Sunrise Bread."

1920 Crop Maple Syrup

Our last shipment of Bobright Bros. Maple Syrup was highly satisfactory. This year we have repeated on this line and the shipment will arrive this week.

We do not hesitate to recommend this Maple Syrup and Sugar.

Per bottle	..	..	50
Approximate quart tin	..	..	90
Approximate half gallon	..	..	1.70
Approximate gallon	..	..	3.10
A special price by the case.			
Maple Sugar per pound	..	..	40

See Mr. J. B. Collins, Monday and Tuesday next for your new Hobberlin suit. Be measured by an expert for a guaranteed suit. Moderately priced.

S. A. MILLER

Operating the Child's Saving Plan



CHRYSLER CARS

Direct from factory. Just unloaded.

"CHRYSLER PLYMOUTH"
in four-door Sedans and Coupes.
also CHRYSLER "SIX"

These are the most beautiful cars ever shipped into Oyen. You owe it to yourself to see them.

—Let us demonstrate—

One second hand Ford Car—and one second hand Chevrolet—both 1928 models—slightly used—for sale.

Geo. A. Morrison

Oyen Theatre

FRIDAY-SATURDAY, APRIL 26-27

"THE CANARY MURDER CASE"

A Famous Lasky Picture
WILLIAM POWELL, JAMES HALL,
LOUISE BROOKS AND JEAN ARTHUR.

MONDAY-TUESDAY, APRIL 29-30

"SCARLET SEAS"

A First National Picture

Tuesday Night is Family Gift Night

FRIDAY-SATURDAY, MAY 3-4

"THE FOREIGN LEGION"

A Universal Picture

CONFERENCE ON REPARATIONS ENDS IN FAILURE

Paris.—The second reparations conference has failed in its purpose to re-define German reparations for the damage of the Great War.

The conference, which for ten weeks has been engaged in an effort to set a figure mutually acceptable to the allied nations and to the German republic seemed definitely wrecked.

A sub-committee was appointed to prepare a report to the several governments stating the "why" of the failure. This sub-committee, conceivably, may furnish a loophole through which revival of the conference could be sought but generally opinion did not anticipate such a development.

Dr. Hjalmar Schacht, chief of the German delegation, made continuation of the conference hopeless when he stated definitely that payment of even one-half the total was not demanded, must be conditional on abolition of the Danzig corridor, revision of the frontier of eastern Austria and immediate return of the Saar Valley to Germany.

A sub-committee, headed by Lord Haldane, had met to endeavor to bring about an agreement between the Germans and the allies on the fifty to fifty million mark basis.

Discussion never got beyond the first annuity. Dr. Schacht declared that Germany would never under any circumstances pay annuities greater than 1,610,000,000 marks (approximately \$300,000,000) and for no longer than 37 years. She would make these payments in kind, not in cash, as the allies made it possible for her to increase her ability to pay by giving her accounts in raw materials and other resources of which she was now deprived.

One of the allied experts immediately retorted that Dr. Schacht wants the experts to revise the treaty of Versailles, which was definitely not compiled in our terms of reference.

The chief of the German delegation then laid plain that his attitude had finally toward breaking up the conference, with the result that reparations would revert to the Dawes plan which Germany must pay 2,500,000,000 marks annually (approximately \$250,000,000) instead of 1,610,000,000 marks (approximately \$160,000,000) demanded by the allies for the first annuity.

"I understand," replied Dr. Schacht, "but it will be impossible for Germany to execute the Dawes plan and she will necessarily demand that the clause giving protection against ruinous transfers come into play."

The allied and American experts now are unanimous in agreeing that there is no further hope of coming to terms with the Germans.

Snubbed By Chicago Mayor

Thompson Sent "Silent" Cable To Young Australian League

Chicago, Ill.—Mayor "Big Bill" Thompson's political enemies were making the most of the official snub the convoy mayor has extended to 160 members of the Young Australian League who plan to visit Chicago, April 22.

The youthful British subjects called Mayor Thompson that they were coming. Instead of extending them the welcome, Thompson merely "collected" cable saying that Chicago had many interesting sights. It cost the Australians \$25 to learn that Mayor Thompson, as a detractor of King George V, was not enthusiastic about their visit.

Commenting upon the slight officially, the British American, published in Chicago, said: "We can scarcely believe Big Bill would be guilty of such stupidity."

The Australian delegates will be welcomed by the Association of Commerce, Rotary, and the English Speaking Union.

Seeks Entry Into Norway Oslo, Norway.—Invited entry into Germany, Leon Trotsky, called Russian Communist, is seeking permission to come to Norway. The government will take the matter under consideration.

Rural Credits in B.C. Victoria, B.C.—Offers of the federal farm loan board have been opened here by the chairman of the provincial committee, George St. John. One thousand applications for rural credits already are in.

Report Is Satisfactory

Sir Henry Thornton Pleased With Record of C.N.R.

Ottawa.—The special standing committee of commons on Canadian National Railway affairs held its first meeting recently, when General Phil. E. Liberal, Rimouski, was elected chairman. Sir Henry Thornton, president of the Canadian National Railway, reported that the report of the railway showed the calendar year, 1928, was the most satisfactory of its history, both financially and from an operating standpoint.

Out of every dollar traffic receipts earned by the C.N.R., 17.64 cents was available for interest. On United States class 1 railways only 16.21 cents was available for interest. Sir Henry thought this was very satisfactory, particularly as many lines were in new districts.

To the question whether the increased receipts of the C.N.R. were at the expense of the Canadian Pacific, or attributable to national growth, Sir Henry said the net earnings of the Canadian Pacific attained a record last year.

"Therefore, I should say," Sir Henry said, "that the C.N.R. is official, that the National is an asset to the Canadian Pacific. As a C.N.R. official, I consider the Canadian Pacific is an asset to the Canadian National."

"Then why not bring the C.P.R. into the C.N.R.?" asked a Conservative, Pictou.

"Well, the C.N.R. is not yet a Christianized trust," Sir Henry replied. As to whether another large wheat crop was expected this year, Sir Henry said he could not attempt to forecast any particular year. However, there had been a steady and progressive increase in the quantity made these payments, extending over a decade of years.

He explained that it was generally considered that the Great Lakes had a sixty-year cycle of high waters and similar cycle of low waters which must be ascribed to the precipitation.

The high water cycle, he said, was cyclical now and it might be predicted that the greater rainfall would result in greater crops.

The heavy harvest of wheat would assume much business in grain carrying this year.

Dr. Schacht, a Conservative, Toronto, inquired if there had been any reduction in the rate of interest. Henry replied that rate reduction effective in 1928 had reduced the interest on the Canadian National Railway by \$800,000 as against 1927.

Colonel Grey further inquired if there had been any change in the maintenance standard of the system and was informed that the reverse was the case, the standard being higher than ever adopted.

The minister of railways explained that the Hudson Bay Railway was in the accounts of the National Railways. The C.N.R. was simply acting as the agents of the government in constructing this railway.

Urges That Strict Measures Be Taken

Members Of Manitoba Legislature Would Prosecute Carriers

Winnipeg.—Prosecution in every case in which a fatality occurs as a result of improper driving on the highways of Manitoba was urged by several members in the Manitoba legislature during a discussion which members hoped would result in stronger legislation for law and reduce the number of serious accidents. One member declared "pedestrians were even safer on the sidewalks" while another deprecated the "stressing of the high speed possibilities of motor cars by manufacturers and salesmen."

Stop Search For Lostadium Saskatoon.—The scientific search which has been carried on for two weeks in a vain endeavor to locate \$3,000 worth of lost radium has come to a stop. In the last stages of the intense search two loop operated radio sets were used without avail. The reward of \$500 still stands and it is still hoped that someone will find the little red paraffin tube with its precious contents.

Volting On Liquor Control Halifax, N.S.—"Are you in favor of continuing the Nova Scotia Temperance Act," will be the form of the question submitted to a referendum vote of the Nova Scotia electors this fall. A special committee appointed by the House of Assembly drafted the above question in favor of a previous proposal that a vote be taken on the desirability of establishing a system of government control and sale of liquor.

DEATH OF SIR CLIFFORD SIFTON NOTED CANADIAN

New York.—Sir Clifford Sifton, R.C.M.G., K.C., prominent in Canadian public life for forty years, died in New York while sitting in a chair talking with his son, Harry. Accompanied by his sons, Sir Clifford left his winter residence at Daytona Beach, Fla., last Saturday, and was on his way to his home in Toronto when death overtook him.

Although Sir Clifford had been troubled with heart weakness for about two years, his health was fairly good until last fall and he was quite sick when he left Toronto in November to go to Florida for the winter.

Sir Clifford Sifton, K.C.M.G., K.C., of Toronto, Privy Councillor, former Minister of the Interior, who death took place in New York, had been a figure of magnitude in Canadian public life for forty years. Born in Ontario, in 1861, he was a Conservative, when a youth with his father, the late Hon. W. J. Sifton, located at Brandon.

A barrister at the age of twenty-one, Clifford Sifton became a member of the Manitoba legislature in 1882, and entered the Greenway government, now Attorney-General, in 1885, being only twenty-nine years of age. From that time onward he played a conspicuous part in the development of the West.

Sir Clifford was called by Sir Wilfrid Laurier to the Federal cabinet on November 17, 1896, as Minister of the Interior and Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs. As Minister of the Interior he carried out a vigorous immigration policy which added largely to the population of the Dominion. In the earlier period of his ministry he ministered chiefly charged with matters relating to the government of the Northwest Territories now Saskatchewan and Alberta, and Yukon Territory, and all unorganized and outlying territories of the Dominion. He introduced and carried through legislation at Ottawa giving responsible government to the Northwest Territories in 1906.

On account of a difference of opinion with the Premier, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, over educational clauses of the Northwest Territory Act, Sir Clifford resigned from the government. February 27, 1911, he continued to be a member of the House of Commons until the General election of 1911, when he withdrew and did not present himself for re-election. He represented Brandon, Manitoba, in the Dominion Parliament from 1896 until 1911, his first election to the House of Commons being by acclamation, following upon his call to the ministry at Ottawa.

Wins Prize For Play Toronto.—The \$100 prize for the best one-act play submitted for the Imperial Order Daughters of the Empire, 1929 competition has been won by Dr. W. McVernon, Voltaire, N.S., for his play entitled "The House of Laval." Several other plays submitted have received honorable mention, including "The Lady and the Land," by E. E. Cheekley, Victoria, B.C.

Immigrants The word immigrant has lost a great deal of its old significance in this country. Once it described one who was escaping from a life of suffering and hardship to an unknown land of freedom but of uncertain opportunities and possibilities. The modern immigrant is typified in the man who were recent arrivals on the Canadian Pacific "Duchess of Richmond." Their future as domestics in the city of Toronto was assured before they left their homes, and the comfortable quarters they occupied on the regal Atlantic vessel was a long cry from the accommodation they must have endured had they been but one generation earlier.

MAY HEAD GRAIN BOARD

Chief Justice J. L. Brown of Saskatchewan, who, it is stated, has been offered the chairmanship of the Canadian Grain Board, reorganization of which is being reported as imminent.



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To Investigate Salaries Committee To Go Into Matter Of Salaries Of Technical Members Of Civil Service

Ottawa.—The three men selected to investigate the salaries of technical and professional members of the civil service are: E. W. Beatty, President and chairman of the Canadian Pacific Railway; Sir George Carmichael, of Quebec City, and Dr. Murray, of the University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon. This was announced by Hon. J. A. A. Ives, Minister in the House of Commons.

"It has been represented," Mr. Ives said, "that the remuneration provided in the government service is no longer attractive to persons of superior technical or professional training."

"The report made last year by the civil service commission recommends a graduated scale of increase of from \$210 to \$420 per annum. This would apply to 1,936 persons, and involves \$60,000 to one class, and \$60,000 to another, or a total of \$120,000."

Offers Billion Marks Less

Germany Wants Big Reduction In Yearly Reparations Payments

Paris.—Germany's counter-plan for paying her great war reparations, presented to the allied experts by Dr. H. Schacht, chief of the German delegation, is understood to offer one billion marks less per year than the creditors demanded. Payments would continue thirty-seven years instead of the fifty-eight years proposed by the allies in their memorandum. The German offer envisaged annuities beginning at 1,100,000,000 marks and rising to 1,400,000,000 marks.

Unemployment Insurance Ottawa.—The meeting of industrial and international relations committee of the house of commons took steps to prepare its report on insurance against unemployment, and unemployment. The members of the committee for the most part agreed with A. W. Neil (Ed.-Common-Aberdeen), that it would be a different task to prepare a report with a degree of definiteness because the attitude taken by the province.

Radio Links Arctic and Antarctic Zones

Recent Broadcast Heard Over Distance of 10,000 Miles

Copenhagen.—The first radio communication between the Antarctic and Arctic zones was reported in a cablegram received here by the news paper Ekstrabladet from the Mount Evans Greenland, radio station.

Mount Evans said a recent broadcast by Commander Richard E. Byrd's station in the Antarctic was heard excellently, although from a distance of more than 10,000 miles.

Gasoline reserve supplies have been sent from Mount Evans to Camp Lloyd in preparation for Swedish-American trans-Antarctic flights next summer, the cablegram added.

GRAIN INSPECTION SYSTEM SAID TO BE ANTIQUATED

Ottawa.—Standard samples set each year by the chief grain inspector are frequently higher than the minimum set by the Grain Act, and on that basis the cargoes are graded lower than they should be. This was the contention of John Gillespie, dealer representative on the grain standards board, whose evidence was continued before the agricultural and colonization committee of the house of commons.

This was the chief complaint, Mr. Gillespie said, against the inspection department. The whole inspection system was antiquated. For instance, barley was never graded No. 1 or 2, although there was lots of excellent barley produced. The Grain Act had been completely ignored for years. If the act were followed in setting barley standards it would benefit the growers.

In one case barley which weighed 40 pounds to the bushel had been refused a 4 grade when the addition in the act did not require over 40 pounds. The reason given for refusal was that the cargo was not as good as the standard sample in the hands of the inspector. This sample had weighed 40 pounds.

John James Macdonald, minister of agriculture, pointed out that there was an absurdity in the act in that it required that the cargo be as good as the standard sample in the hands of the inspector. This sample had weighed 40 pounds.

In neither case on appeal in regard to wheat should No. 4, which the shipper thought grade No. 3, be accepted, that it deserved the higher grade under the terms of the statute. It was refused that grade, however, because the standard sample was higher than it should have been to represent the minimum.

Millions of bushels of Alberta wheat were graded No. 4 this year when it deserved No. 3 because there were not different standard samples for that province. Mr. Gillespie contended. A volume of Alberta wheat had a larger percentage of green kernels than the Winnipeg sample, and in some respects was often superior. In any case he had never heard of complaints by Old Country buyers against a percentage of green kernels. This did not apply, of course, to wheat which was largely unripe.

The sentiment of pools, trade and producers, was that there should be different standards for Alberta grain. It was of a different type from the Manitoba and eastern Saskatchewan grain. The sample could be made which would be representative of all the grain in the west.

There is no reason in shipping to the United Kingdom grain of any better quality than the standard sample sent each year because a better price will be received by the producer Mr. Gillespie said.

Buyers on the European grain exchanges set the price each year on the basis of the samples sent over early in the season by the Canadian government. If wheat of better quality appeared, and the Canadian farmer would lose, he claimed.

The work of the laboratory of the Department of Grain Commissioners in Winnipeg did not have much effect on the price obtained. The billers in the Old Country made up their minds on the samples and even had information before the standards were set, because they had agents in Canada who were always taking account of conditions.

Protein content is only one factor in connection with wheat prices, Mr. Gillespie continued. It was impossible to grade wheat on protein content because No. 1 wheat and No. 3 wheat had the same protein percentage and would not be blended together. They would not have the same milling value.

NEW SCHEME TO SETTLE PEACE RIVER DISTRICT

Edmonton.—Settling of 1,500 families in the Peace River District under an ambitious scheme which has been submitted to the provincial government, is proposed by the Bowen United Farmers' Association. It appears that the furtherance of the scheme depends on what stand is taken by the province, as the federal authorities will not act without the approval of the Alberta government. The scheme is said to involve an expenditure of \$10,000,000, while backing has been assured by influential financial interests in the Old Country, according to A. D. Bowen, head of the company. The settlement would be in the ten townships, beginning in township 74, range 24, section 1, and ending in township 81, range 24, section 36, and west and south to Sturgeon Lake. British settlers would be brought out, while a new policy and land mills would be operated, thus providing employment. The company would build a trackway through the entire area, construct serviceable roads on each section, clear the land for cultivation, and build a house and barn on each quarter section for the occupancy of each settler, who would acquire the land on long time terms.

The Bowen United Farmers' Association is quite ready to make the reservation if there is no objection from the provincial government," said Mr. Bowen. If satisfactory arrangements are made, we would make a start by bringing out 50 settlers this year.

Japan Asks Clearer Wording Of Pact

Phrase In Kellogg Peace Pact Contrary To Constitution

Tokio.—Katsunori Dehuchi, Japanese ambassador in Washington, has been instructed to obtain an understanding from the American government on the question of the phrase "their respective peoples" in the Kellogg peace pact.

This phrase is incompatible with the Japanese constitution, which reserves the right of peace-making to the person of the emperor. The newspaper states that if America requires that Japan obtain an understanding from the American government on the question of the phrase "their respective peoples" in the Kellogg peace pact.

The reservation is, it is pointed out, that it reserved the right of peace-making to the person of the emperor. The newspaper states that if America requires that Japan obtain an understanding from the American government on the question of the phrase "their respective peoples" in the Kellogg peace pact.

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Lower Postal Rate With France Arranged

Letter Rate To Be Three Cents Per Once Instead Of Eight

Ottawa.—Hon. P. J. Venoit, postmaster-general, announced today that the letter rate to France, which has been in force since 1914, will be reduced from eight to three cents an ounce. The new postal rate, it was explained, will facilitate communication between the British and French governments, and will be the result of outcome of negotiations which have been carried on for some time between representatives of the two governments.

Claims Large Amount For Customs Taxes

Details Of Payment To Government Over Seven Million

Ottawa.—A total of \$2,575,782.51 was paid to the Customs Department last year by the Canadian government, according to a report made by the Minister of Customs and Excise, Hon. W. D. Dyer, minister of national revenue.

Under Parliament Belfast, Ireland.—Parliament was prorogued with the usual ceremony. It was officially announced that the Ulster parliament will be dissolved on May 2. Elections will be held May 24.

Building Speedier Cars

Forty Miles On Highways No Longer Considered Long Going

Reading the automobile advertisements it is not uncommon to find certain manufacturers proclaiming as one of the merits of their high-priced cars that they will do seventy or eighty miles an hour. Now, an automobile expert states that within the next ten years cars will be built for the public highways not for the speed track—which will be cut hundred and twenty miles an hour or more.

One may ask, "Why?" Not so long ago speeds of thirty to forty miles on the roads were considered good going, and most drivers were satisfied with that rate. But in the stress of competition, manufacturers began turning out cars of higher speed, going one better than their competitors, although the laws of the land did not sanction anything like the speed named.

There is no law against building autos to sell for use on the highways which are capable of tremendous speeds, and the producers are eager to exploit the speed capacity as providing "a substantial reserve of power for hills," or some such claim as that.

And so speeds are greater—and the death toll grows higher every year.

It seems inconsistent for governing authorities to pass laws limiting the speed of autos, and to take no action whatever against the production and sale of autos which can travel twice as fast as the maximum allowed.

But the time must come, if cars are to be built that will do one hundred and twenty miles an hour on the roads, when producers will have to take some action. Highways are not built for such speeds—and undoubtedly men who have cars equal to that speed will exercise their power on build roads—and the alternative is to clear super-highways for super-cars.

It is taking governments all their time now to cope with the present highway needs, and unless they are to be forced into a new program of costly highways within the next ten, or twenty years, there will have to be some general legislation to limit the speed capacities of automobiles of the future.

A Valuable Hen

Barred Plymouth Rock At Saskatchewan University Sets New Record

The poultry department of the University of Saskatchewan announced the poultry world, last year, with a barred Plymouth Rock hen that laid 229 eggs in her pullet year. This was a record for a year of the heavy breed. A daughter of this hen seems likely to beat her mother's record. Hatched on February 23, last year, she laid her first egg on September 3. Up to April 12, she had laid 215 eggs, which is 10 more than her mother had laid up to the same corresponding date. During November, December and January, she laid an egg on 71 consecutive days.

Makes Model Of Devon

Englishman Has Reproduced Even Detail With Simplest Tools

With the simplest hand tools, an ingenious Englishman named Martin Dale, has made a remarkable model of Devon and the surrounding country.

Over 50,000 parts have already gone to make up the completed sections. Railway coaches consist of 3,000 separate parts, and are complete even to the views and mirrors on the seats. The wheels of a bicycle, although only the size of a penny, have twenty-eight spokes. The complete model will be 30 feet in length.

Publisher: For me to publish novels, the author must have a well-known name.

Author: That is all right, mine is Smith.



"How old are you, little one?"
"I don't know—mummy was 30 when I was born and now she is 28."
—Buen Humor Madrid.

N. W. N. 1782

Growing Flax For Seed

Canada Is Supplying Requirements Of Irish Flax Growers

During the past two years seed has been produced in Canada for the requirements of Irish flax growers and, according to the Minister of Agriculture, further progress in establishing this market was made in 1928, some 1,200 barrels of seed having been shipped. Because of certain factors, the Irish climate, while suited to flax production, is unsuited for seed production, and Irish authorities became interested in the possibility of Canada producing their seed. Initial efforts, have been attended with gratifying results. What this stimulated interest in the production might eventually mean to Canada may be gathered from the fact that requirements run to 5,000,000 pounds of seed annually. With this trade in view, exportation was commenced in 1927 with a new variety of seed known as "S. S. de la Roche" by the Lida Research Institute of Northern Ireland. The flax fibre division of the Experimental Farms became interested in growing this as a fibre crop in those parts of the Dominion where climatic conditions had been proved to be the production of fibre of good quality and length. This stimulated interest in the production of flax fibre in Canada, and its cultivation is making some progress at the present time.

The chief domestic use of Canadian flax fibre, says the Brandon Star, is as "green tow" in the upholstery industry. Some exports in this form go chiefly to the United States, the amount being about six months of the present fiscal year to 3,000,000 worth, \$4,431. Canadian fibre is used in a linen yarn and spinning mill in Ontario, and the Canadian linen industry could absorb a greatly increased supply. In 1927 the flax of "green tow" was exported to Scotland for use in the linen industry by a new process, and this market is stated to be promising.

Canadian Wheat Grades Higher

North From Five To Ten Cents More Per Bushel Than United States Wheat

Before the Senate committee on agriculture at Washington, in connection with the farm relief hearings, H. J. Beasley, in charge of the grain division of the United States Department of Agriculture, said that in the world market Canadian wheat was worth from five to ten cents more than United States wheat of the same comparative grade. He said this was due to the general opinion of foreign buyers as to the excellence of Canadian wheat.

Mr. Beasley was asked many questions by the committee as to comparative prices in the form of "green tow" in the United States and Minneapolis and Winnipeg and he finally summed the situation up by saying that the buyers in the world market put value of Canadian wheat five to ten cents higher.

Moose Is Domesticated

Has Been Grazing With Cattle On Alberta Ranch

The Rio Alta Ranch in Alberta has an unusual visitor. Feeding regularly, a fine moose has come down out of his rocky habitation in the mountains, and has been grazing with the cattle. It is being watched with interest by the manager of the ranch and appears to be on quite fraternal terms with the cattle and mixes with them freely.

The herd take the stranger's coming as natural and do not interfere with it in any way. They have little right to, for they are prolific users of a land, which once was his.

Among ancient peoples, the Babylonians counted their day from sunrise to sunrise, the Hebrews and Athenians, from sunset to sunset, and the Romans from midnight to midnight.

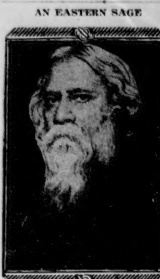
The tourist learns at sea that in seamen's terminology a gale, a storm and a hurricane are not the same thing. A gale blows 60 miles a hour, and a hurricane 80 miles an hour.

Friend: "What did you do about that woman who was arrested for speeding?"
Judge: "I followed the old proverb."

Friend: "What do you mean?"
Judge: "Fined the woman."

Pretty Waitress: "Are you the friend habdack?"
Susceptible Diner: "No, the lonely solo."

Solicitor: "Is it true your wife agreed to this?"
Man: "I can safely say 'No'; she does not agree to anything."



Although now nearly 70 years old, Hansdinnih Tagmoos is still carrying his declining days on the altar of the industry which has found in him, at Sault Ste. Marie, the "sage of peace." He attended the educational conference held recently at Vancouver, he having undertaken this mission at the invitation of the forestry of India.

Canadians Use Franchise

Larger Average Vote Than In U.S. Or Great Britain

Figures show that about seven out of ten qualified Canadian electors cast their votes on an average at each election. This is a creditable percentage as compared with the United States, where the average percentage is 45, and Great Britain, where it is only 20. Yet in compulsory voting there are dangers which make it too risky an experiment to be worth trying because the masses who are driven to the polls in obedience to the law may completely offset the will of the electors who have given careful thought to the issues.

Three Of A Kind

A man and his wife were returning from Europe. The man died on the boat and a collection was taken to help the widow. When the captain counted the money he found he had \$500.3. "There must be a Scotchman on this boat," said the captain.

"Yes, sir," replied a voice in the crowd. "there are three of us."

College Nephew: "One thing Uncle, you've got to admit that Siff makes a man think." Uncle Ben: "Yep, it makes him think he's better than anybody else."

"Never despair, behind the clouds the sun is still shining." "Yeah, and below the sea there's a solid bottom, but that doesn't help you any if you fall overboard."

ADMIRAL'S SON COMES TO CANADA

Turner Valley Oil Field

Royal Canadian (Imperial Oil Limited) is now drilling 16 wells in Alberta, thirteen in the Turner Valley field, one on the Highwood River, one along the Bow and one down in the Siff field near the Montana border. The 1929 programme calls for the drilling of twenty new wells.

Magistrate: "You say defendant struck you three times and knocked you down?"
Witness: "He did, sir."

"And what did he do then?"
"I asked him if he'd finished."

Sweden's Forestry System

Could Be Copied With Profit By Other Countries

The people of Sweden have been celebrating the one-hundredth anniversary of the establishment of their present governmental system of forestry.

But solicitude for the trees is no matter of a mere century with the Swedes. As early as the year 1284 Sweden, by royal edict, was beginning to put restrictions upon the indiscriminate cutting down of trees.

In the year 1147 a royal letter commanded that for each felled oak or beech tree two other trees of the same kind should be planted.

A great meeting was held last summer at the Swedish College of Forestry, and experts from many countries, including several from the United States, were present to hear the Swedish foresters tell how forest crops may be harvested while the nation's forest resources continue to grow. A general forest survey in Sweden showed that the reserves of timber are greater even than had been supposed. About half of Sweden's exports are forest products. Though the climate is not so favorable, and there is hardly any snow, and though to produce its own food supply, Sweden is one of the most prosperous countries of Europe. The Swedes know how to make the most of their resources. This is shown by the forestry statistics, the annual growth now exceeding her annual cuttings.

A Good Smuggling Scheme

Silk Brought Into Britain As Decoration On Handkerchiefs

English customs officials are determined to stop the smuggling of silk into Britain. Recently a London firm received a consignment of children's handkerchiefs. The handkerchiefs were described as cotton. So was the embroidered kitten in the corner of each. They were. The firm received a stern letter from the authorities warning them that they would be fined if the offence occurred again. An enterprising official had discovered that each cotton kitten was provided with four tiny silk whiskers.

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Huge Trade In Oranges

Single Tree Produces From Two To Three Thousand Yearly

When you are enjoying your orange do you ever think of the huge number of the fruit of the popular fruit. We have all been familiar with the pipskin kind, the blood, or ruby orange, the dark and better one from Seville for marmalade purposes, and the little Tangerine. But what of the natural features of the trees? And whence come our supplies? Some of them come from Spain, and large quantities of oranges are sent from Africa, Florida and California. The leaves of the trees are evergreen, and do not change color or fall off in the autumn, as do the leaves of most trees. They are dark and shiny, and if we were to hold we against the light you would see it was covered with small transparent dots, similar to the rind. These are small cells containing oil, which is pressed out and used. The blossom is like white wax with a bunch of threads with golden heads in the centre, and has a delightful scent. And as to the wonderful yield of the trees, which produce what a single tree produces as many as two thousand oranges in one year, and very often as many as three or four thousand, one need no longer be surprised at the huge trade that is carried on in oranges.

Butter Production Higher

Increase In Saskatchewan Output Over March Of Last Year

Maintaining the high level of creamery output, production in Saskatchewan has been one of the outstanding agricultural developments of recent months, butter output in Saskatchewan for March was 105 per cent higher than for the corresponding month of 1928, the increase being from 1,000 to 1,050 tons.

Conditions in the dairy industry of the province are very encouraging and P. E. Reed, dairy commissioner for Saskatchewan, reported in each of the last four months, the production for 1929 will be of record.

Indications lead to the belief that at least a 25 per cent increase for the year will result.

Mr. Reed attributed the gratifying progress dairying has made recently to the per cent of unprofitable producers from the dairy herds of the province. This culling of the "star herders" has been possible by regular testing for milk and butterfat production and the keeping of herd records.

Buttermilk For Laying Hens

Eggs Produced At The Lowest Feed Cost

Buttermilk for laying pullets was proved at the Brandon Experimental Farm to be superior to beef scrap or alfalfa leaves as a protein supplement. The pens under test were fed fifteen per cent beef scrap in the dry mash, or buttermilk to drink, or alfalfa leaves provided in a feeder. The tests were continued from late fall until the 11th of the following April. All of the birds received standard scratch grain mixture and dry mash. The results of two tests indicated the superiority of the buttermilk, as the pullets given in his feed as a supplement to the usual ration laid an average of 113 eggs more per bird than those fed beef scrap, 16.9 eggs more than those that received the alfalfa leaves; 17.6 eggs more than those that received no protein supplement to the usual ration. According to a table that appears in the report of the superintendent of the Brandon Farm, for 1928, eggs were produced at the lowest feed cost when buttermilk was fed, followed by beef scrap, alfalfa leaves, and the check lot when no special protein feed was given.

The above were one or two high lights of the Alberta Annual Red Cross Convention in the city of Edmonton when the Commissioners told what is being done for soldiers and settlers under the penitence program of today.

"I have no more confidence in women."

"Why not?"
"I put a matrimonial advertisement in the paper and one of the replies was from my girl."

Mother: George, bring baby in to have his dinner.
Little George: He doesn't need his dinner, Mother. He has just eaten a worm.

Scribner's Wife: "What did the editor say about your poem on spring?"
Scribner: "Too slushy."

Iron pillowfalls lengthwise, not crosswise, if you wish to iron the wrinkles out instead of in.

The Important Item

"We had a fine motor trip! We saw snow-crested summits leaping toward the heavens; we saw foaming torrents raging through the bottoms of shadowy canyons; we looked down from beetling crags into the depths of limpid lakes; we traversed sylvan glades shot with flashes of golden sunlight; we—"

"How many miles to the gallon did you do?"

Demand For Farm Horses

There is a good demand for horses of from 1,250 to 1,350 pounds, though scarcely any demand for light-weights of from 950 to 1,050 pounds. Several carloads of the former have been shipped from Brandon for 1928, eggs were produced at the lowest feed cost when buttermilk was fed, followed by beef scrap, alfalfa leaves, and the check lot when no special protein feed was given.

Men who grumble about their mothers-in-law annoy me. I live in perfect harmony with mine.

"Does she have a maid?"
"Yes, she has five Phillipian Islands."—Buen Humor Madrid.

The Red Cross In Review

Important Work Accomplished In Connection With Conscientious Soldiers

Looking down on the world's highways through the eyes of the trained Red Cross worker, there are sights and sounds that are unforgettable in their poignant appeal to the heart.

From the white coats, row on row, in the soldiers' wards come the voices of men whose memories are stirred at the sight of the familiar badge of Red Cross visitors, bringing back as it does the scenes "lover

Today, peaceful indeed is the Red Cross field of action for these maimed men. The presenting of gifts of a loving and friendly public who through the "Not Forgotten Fund" at a daily newspaper offer their tribute of gratitude for the sacrifices that no money can ever repay.

In the Edmonton Red Cross Hut, too, with its fine new floor laid by the convalescent soldiers, and its comfortable roomy rocking chairs, may be seen a handsome new receiving set of modern make, the gift of the University Broadcasting Station C.K.U.A.

Still serving the soldier is the leg of the Red Cross over after ten years of peace, and there is and always will be much to do to ease the burden of those who bore the brunt in the hectic days of war.

From reviewing the soldier's needs in hospitals, the Red Cross passes on to those soldiers of the soil, who under the R.S.M. are living in the hinterlands of the west. Large families of small children are the rule with these settlers, and in the homes of these heroic pioneers the Red Cross finds much important work to do.

Special protective care centres round the mother, for she it is who is giving the greatest gift and most needful to her country by adoption—her baby.

"When baby comes," with the attendant anxieties of childbirth, then comes the settling, and in the home a helping hand to the British settler, and comforting and reassuring the young prospective mother in her hour of need.

Outposts stand ready for her reception, and for the care of sick and helpless, who face the hardships of life far from civilized centres.

One northern hospital at Peace Coulee, 85 miles from the end of the trail. It draws its patients from an area of 200 miles. An Alberta settler, who has lived in that delight expressed his surprise and delight at finding in that remote place the up-to-date modern hospital, with electric light, running water and baths. Records show that the district uses it hospital to the limit of its capacity, being filled to capacity almost all the year round.

Never has the Red Cross flag waved more proudly than it does over this community where its emblem of human compassion presides over the gates of life and death in the hospital wards.

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THE EASY WAY

Thousands need cod-liver oil to increase vitality and build up resistance.

Scott's Emulsion

Is the easy and pleasant way to exact the most out of cod-liver oil to reinforce your body with strength to build resistance.

Scott & Borne, Toronto, Ont.

The Ideal Summer Meal



Have the coupons in the cartoon Write for Cook Book sent Premium List. Conners Bros. Ltd.; Back's Harbor, N. B.

THE CRIMSON WEST

—BY ALEX. PHILIP

Published by Special Arrangement, With Thomas Allen, Publisher, Toronto, Ont.

CHAPTER XVIII.—Continued.

"Come in," she called.

Donald followed Wainwright, his heart-beat peculiarly accelerated. For an instant he could not distinguish objects in the dim interior. Then his eyes rested on Connie, sitting demurely in the corner. She wore a gleaming dress of blue, with white collar and cuffs. A dark belt was fastened snugly at her slender waist. Tiny high-heeled shoes peeped from below the hem of her skirt. Her beautiful hair hung down her back in a huge braid that fastened at the nape of her slim, round neck with a narrow black bow. She rose as he crossed the room to meet him, her high heels making her little lithe body appear much taller. There was something fragile about her beauty, some of the colour gone from her cheeks, and just a hint of shadow under her eyes.

"Seems just-out-of-my-hair," "Good evening," he said awkwardly.

A slender, warm hand crept timidly into his, and his fingers closed on it gently as on a flower. He stared down at her, thrilled by her loveliness. She raised her eyes with their bewildering long lashes slowly to his face. With a sudden leaping of his heart, Donald realized that he was in love.

They talked demurely while Connie sat timidly on the edge of the uncomfortable chair, the comfort of the feel at ease in the high, narrow shoes and the enveloping skirts. And as she essayed to cross the rough floor with an assumed air of ease, her ankle turned and she would have fallen had not Donald caught her in his arms.

As he raised her to her feet she blushed furiously, and he fancied he felt the warm beating of her heart. With an embarrassed apology, she slipped from him, crossed to the table and lighted a candle. And presently he took his leave, Wainwright walking with him down the darkening trail.

Wainwright was in one of his brooding moods. For a few minutes he was silent. As they reached the bluff he spoke.

"After witnessing my daughter's treatment the morning after, I am afraid that you feel harshly toward me for allowing her to be placed in such a humiliating position. You have been exceedingly kind to me; therefore, I feel that I should relate the circumstances which have placed me in my present position. As I told you that day, I have allowed my pride to withhold from my daughter her inherited rights. I will be as brief as possible.

Guard Against FLU

Sore Throat The First Warning.

Few families will escape. This epidemic constitutes a real danger. Health authorities everywhere warn the public of the danger of the common cold. "Flu" usually starts with Sore Throat. Unless the germs are killed by some antiseptic treatment a serious malady may develop.

A simple treatment is to gargle the throat three times daily with *Nerviline*. The antiseptic properties of *Nerviline* quickly destroy the germs in the throat. Of course if the chest is sore *Nerviline* should be rubbed over the affected area—lots of rubbing—it can't burn a blister, but will bring out the congestion and break up the cold.

To prevent "Flu" or colds from gaining headway *Nerviline* will prove most effective. It is hardly necessary to point out that the bowels should be stimulated, and the system purged of all waste materials. For this purpose Dr. Hamilton's Pills are recommended. They act without griping or discomfort of any kind. This combination treatment of *Nerviline* and Dr. Hamilton's Pills will prove a very satisfactory prevention for Grippe, Flu, etc.

BOTHERED WITH ECZEMA 2 YEARS

Itched and Burned, Formed Eruptions. Healed by Cuticura.

"I was troubled with eczema on my hands, limbs and face. It began with an itching and burning and later formed eruptions. The irritation was so bad that I could hardly touch it. It bothered me for two years."

"I tried different remedies but they all failed to help me. I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment and got relief. I continued the treatment and now I am completely healed."

(Signed) Mrs. Alvah McKinnon, Tatamagouche, N. S., Sept. 27, 1928.

Clear the pores of impurities by daily use of Cuticura Soap, with touches of Cuticura Ointment as needed to soothe and heal. Cuticura is Talcum in fragrant and refreshing. (Signed) Mrs. Alvah McKinnon, Tatamagouche, N. S., Sept. 27, 1928.

overwork and lack of food. I wrote to him in a black rage a letter that must have scorched his soul.

"For four years I eked out a miserable existence in the City. My wife broke down again, and my doctor warned me that I must get to a higher altitude. I learned of this place, turned everything into cash, and came here, bringing Connie with me."

"My sole income has been derived from writing articles on Nature for the newspapers and magazines. Several times my father has advertised in the newspapers, asking me to return. I refused to leave this place."

"For Connie's sake, I am going to start for England tomorrow."

Wainwright's head dropped listlessly as he considered his life. All energy, all strength of bearing seemed to have gone from him. The bitter remembrance he had voiced had brought a look of mortal anguish to his face. He stood staring mutely before him.

(To Be Continued.)

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

SLICED LEMON PIE

1½ lemons.

2 eggs.

1½ cups sugar.

A cup water.

1 tablespoon melted butter.

¼ teaspoonful salt.

Grate the rind of one lemon. Beat white part from lemons and slice the pulp very thin, discarding seeds. Beat eggs until light, add sugar gradually, then grated rind, water, butter, salt and lemon slices. Bake between two crusts. Put into hot oven (450 degrees). After 10 minutes reduce heat to moderate (350 degrees) and continue baking 30 minutes longer.

SALMON TURNOVERS

Chop fine one can salmon and one hard-boiled egg. Stir half a teaspoon moistened cornstarch in half a cup milk over low fire. When thickened, beat in salmon, one tablespoon butter and season. Cool. Make a rich pie crust, and cut the turnovers with a saucer upside down. Wet edges with cold water. Put a good tablespoon of salmon mixture on half of crust, fold over other half and press well together. Cut small slits on top, brush with milk and bake in quick oven.

No need to suffer with corns, or to run the risk of paring them. Remove them safely and painlessly with Hamilton's Corn Remover.

Flames From The Sun

Sometimes Reach Height Of Half A Million Miles

Flames leap outward from the surface of the sun at the rate of 20,000 miles a minute and sometimes reach a height of half a million miles, says Dr. Ferdinand Koller, of Mount Wilson Observatory, California. When these "prominences" were first noted, during a complete eclipse, early astronomers were divided as to whether they belonged to the sun or the moon. In 1868, Sir J. N. Lockyer, the astronomer, found he could observe them by a spectroscopic method without an eclipse and proved that the light issued from the sun. It was while studying these tongues of flame that he became convinced of the existence of helium.

"May I call on you?"

"For sure, but I'm married."

"Well, I'm married and just as sorry."

Minard's Liniment prevents Flu.

W. N. U. 1782

Selling Furniture

From Nelson's Ship

Three Pieces From Cabin To Be Disposed Of

Three pieces of furniture which Nelson used in his cabin in the Victory, and which today occupy their former position in the old battleship at Portsmouth, are to be sold by their owner.

The furniture consists of a mahogany dining table (which has folding leaves), sideboard, and wicker cooler.

According to the description afforded in the cabin, the furniture was made by W. Wilkinson, of Lodgegate Hill, in 1800.

When Nelson's body was being brought to England, the Victory put back into Rosita Bay, Gibraltar, and the furniture was put ashore, where it is believed to have been secretly sold by one of Nelson's servants.

In 1862 it was bought by the grandfather of the present owner, who lent it to the Victory in October last.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS WIN GREAT PRAISE

Many Mothers Always Keep Them In The House

"Thousands of mothers state that they know of no other medicine for little ones to equal Baby's Own Tablets—that they always keep the Tablets in the house as a preventive of childhood ailments, or if sickness does suddenly grip their little ones they feel safe with such a remedy at hand."

Concerning the use of the Tablets Mrs. Donna Plunder, Glasgow, writes:—"I have nothing but praise for Baby's Own Tablets. They are the only medicine I have ever given my two little ones and I am glad to state that the Tablets have always kept them in perfect health. I feel safe with the Tablets in the house."

Baby's Own Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative. They regulate the bowels, soothe the stomach and soothe the nervous system. They are gentle; break up colds and simple fever, and make the cutting of teeth painless. The Tablets are absolutely safe, being guaranteed free from all injurious drugs. They are sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 25¢ a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Real Thrillers
The teacher had been talking about books.

"And what are your favorite books, Jackie?" she asked a young hopeful near the bottom of the class.

"Cookery books, Miss," was the astonishing reply.

"Cookery books?" echoed the teacher, "why?"

"Because they are so full of stirring incidents!"

How far would you go to be sure of a better Oil—?

Knowing that a better oil means smoother performance, longer life, greater economy and bigger trade-in value for your car, you'd probably go a long way to be sure of a better oil.

That's what Imperial Oil Limited did—went all the way to tropical South America for the crude out of which to refine Marvelube.

There's lots of crude oil available right at Canada's front door. If Canada's largest and most modern refineries had been able to evolve as good an oil as Marvelube from locally available crude they would have been able to do so. Peruvian crude made a purer, carbon-free, fuller-bodied oil—an oil that meant better lubrication—so Peruvian crude was decided upon.

The decision set a new standard in motor oils. Aircraft operators, the most particular buyers of oil, are enthusiastic about Marvelube because it has given them a longer period of operation between engine overhauls, and a greater margin of safety.

You can enjoy the same benefits in your car, and there is a grade of Marvelube that is refined to meet the exact requirements of your car. Consult the Marvelube chart at good service stations and dealers everywhere.



IMPERIAL OIL LIMITED EVERYWHERE IN CANADA

SNOWY WHITE SPOTLESS-CLEAN

Unusual Ability

Old records cite the case of one juvenile wonder named Christian Heinicke, born in 1721, at Dubeck, who at the age of ten months could speak and repeat every word said to him. At twelve months he knew the Pentateuch. In his second year he learned most of the Bible—Old and New Testaments. In his third year he talked history and geography. In his fourth year he mastered French. He was taken to Copenhagen before the King and proclaimed a wonder. He died June 7, 1725, from a weak constitution.

Many mothers can testify to the virtue of Minard's Wink Eye-terminator, because they know from experience how useful it is.

The average velocity of wind in Philadelphia is 10 miles per hour.

An odorless onion is cultivated by the Chinese.

A Health Saving Reminder
Don't Wait until you get the Influenza

USE Minard's Liniment

At the first sign of it. Its Healing Qualities are THE OLD RELIABLE.

It's only a "sammona," stammered the passenger from the Continent.

"Oh, is it?" said the Customs Officer, taking a long scan.

It was.

Employer—"Can you show a recommendation?"

Job Applicant—"Why, er-er, I was recommended to merely by a jury once!"

A Scotchman may be tight but he'd give his right arm to a friend provided he had nothing in his hand at the time.

Invest In Sleep Comfort

A full size bed with 2 inch continuous posts in the popular walnut finish, complete with springs and mattress

\$26.00

White Paint

We carry in stock 100 per cent pure white paint selling at \$5.75 per gallon.

Kerr Hardware

PHONE 4 OYEN

The new Marmon built Roosevelt

Is a triumph of Strength, Character and Ruggedness. The engine is a straight eight of the simple dependable L-head type, developing over 70 h.p. at 3200 r.p.m.

Five passenger Sedan (4 door)
Standard Coupe, Collapsible Coupe
Victoria Coupe
Price range \$1495 - \$1645 f.o.b. Oyen

Howard Wade

Oyen, Alberta

Professional Cards

Dr. S. R. McGregor
Physician and Surgeon
Office - First Avenue East
(Next door to Hospital)
Office and Residence - Phone 7

Dr. T. F. Holt
DENTIST
Office - Main Street, Oyen
Out of town Thursday

J. J. Kelly, L. L. B.
Barrister, Solicitor and
Notary Public
Money to Loan
Oyen, Alberta

John P. Kerr
Veterinary Surgeon
Graduate of Ontario
Veterinary College
Oyen, Alberta

Typewriter Supplies

Second Sheets
Carbons
Ribbons
Erasers etc.

The Oyen News

George J. Benbow
PIANIST and TEACHER

Last year's pupils 100 per cent pass.
Enquire at
D. McKay's residence, 2nd Avenue

Frank Evans
Painter, Paperhanger and Decorator
Country orders solicited
Oyen - Alberta
(at J. B. Lowe's)

CLASSIFIED ADS.

BABY CHICKS—Canada's Breeder-Lex, 100 per cent. Alive. Leghorns, \$17.00; Barred Rocks, Anconas \$18.00; Rhode Island Reds, Minorcas, \$19.00; White Rocks, Wyandottes, \$20.00 per hundred, 15 month Poultry Course Free. Chicks from Pen Matings 25 cents each. Poultry, Chick Starter 10 lbs. Biologically Tested Guaranteed Analysis Free. Incubators, Brooders, Free Catalogue. ALEX. TAYLOR'S HATCHERY, 338 Forty St., Winnipeg, Man.

FOR SALE—3rd generation Marquis wheat, grown from registered seed 92 per cent 8 days, 94 per cent 12 G.T. \$1.10 per bushel. Wood Bams Oats, 94 and 88 per cent, 9.75 50 cents per bushel. John Deere 24 till tractor hitch, 1928, \$30.00. Massey-Harris drill tractor hitch with trucks, 1928, \$25.00. 2 bottom P. and O. light engine gang, in good shape, \$80.00. B. F. Van Horne, Oyen, O. 28-4.

FOR SALE—Barred Rock eggs. Brod to lay stock. \$1.00 per setting of 10 eggs. H. Gates, Oyen, Alta, Phone K1215. (10)

FOR SALE—Second generation Marquis Wheat. Thoroughly cleaned and eligible for registration. Major Strange's strain. Field crop inspected and registered by Canadian Seed Growers Association. Germination 98 per cent government test. Apply: H. Briggs, two miles south of Beaton.

Construction of the 18-storey Marine Building on the corner of Burrard and Hastings Avenues in Vancouver, has begun. When completed this will be the tallest building west of Toronto, where the greatest building, the new Royal York Hotel, of 12 C. P. B., is 23 storeys in height.

A monument to one of the builders of Canada is planned for Vancouver. Sir William Van Horne, first general manager and second president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, was responsible for the selection of Vancouver as the western terminus for the transcontinental line, a decision that resulted in the growth and prosperity of Canada's second greatest seaport, and the citizens of the city propose to commemorate his foresight.

About Town and Country

The Oyen tennis club will formally open their season's activities with a grand dance in Oyen Theatre next Wednesday, (May 1). Tickets are now on sale; Gentlemen 75 cents; ladies 50 cents. Dancing from 9 p.m. till 2 a.m.

Mr. Emile Tessier, who has been in the district for the last three weeks, left last Sunday for West Wickham, Que.

Mr. and Mrs. David A. Peck returned home last Sunday after spending their honeymoon, in Calgary and Banff. While away they visited Mr. Hubert Peck at Cochrane, and paid a visit to the Turner Valley Oil fields.

The motion picture show "Wild Geese" adapted from the prize winning novel by Martha Ostenso, will be shown at Oyen Theatre, on Wednesday, May 8, under the auspices of the Ladies Aid.

Mr. John Ozant left yesterday with a carload of effects en route to Wembley, Alta., where he will make his home. Mrs. Ozant and the family are following next week.

Mr. Thomas Lees and Mr. James Lees, who were business visitors in Calgary during the latter part of last week, returned to Oyen Sunday. They made the return trip in a new Durant.

The Oyen Billiard Hall has been reopened under the management of Mr. H. O. LaBelle. The premises have been redecorated in the interior, and the tables are being renovated.

Mr. G. S. Peck who is a business visitor in Calgary is expected home later in the week, when he will leave for the east with Mrs. Peck, en route to the old country.

For Sale—Second hand tractors. 10-20 Titan. 10-30 Hart-Parr. Cash or terms.—W. V. Miller.

Constable Dobbin, accompanied by his family, left Oyen last Saturday, en route to Oids, where he will in future be stationed with the A.P.F. Besides the farewell banquet, held for him in the Alberta Hotel dining room, a number of private functions were arranged by his many friends here, during the last few days he was in town. Constable Green, formerly with the A.P.F. at Wayne, who is his successor here, arrived in Oyen Friday.

M. D. of Cereal

(Continued from page 1)
for Public Works.

The rate of pay for roadwork was set by the council.

The council decided to make appropriations for roadwork to the several divisions on the basis of the assessed valuations of the divisions.

The council decided the different locations on which they would try to earn the Capital and Income Grants.

Alf. Gibson was appointed a committee of one to look after the grading to be done by the Municipal District for the year 1929.

The schedule of Public Works recommended by the councilors for Divisions 1, 2, 3 and 6 were approved of by the council.

The council adjourned to meet again on Saturday, May 11, 1929 at 10 a.m.
J. P. Rorabeck, Sec.-Treas.

Look at your Address Label

A meeting of Oyen baseball club will be held in Bank of Toronto chambers, on Friday night at 8 p.m., to organize for the season. All members of the club and those interested in the sport are asked to be present.

Mr. H. J. Cooper left this morning on a business trip to Calgary.

Used Cars For Sale—One Chrysler four-door sedan, good shape, new tires, \$875.00. One 1926 Chevrolet Coupe, in good shape with new tires, \$400.00. One 1926 Oldsmobile Coach, A.I. condition, good value, \$650.00. Look these over at Johnson's Garage.

Rev. and Mrs. H. C. Woods left last Monday for Winnifred, Alta., where they will visit their daughter Mrs. Sheppard.

Mr. Angus Blue returned to Oyen the latter part of last week after attending the funeral of his father in Edmonton. The late Mr. H. S. Blue, who died in Battleford, Sask., was given a Masonic funeral, which service was performed by the officers and members of Patricia Lodge, No. 91, Edmonton, and visiting brethren.

Agricultural Fair Dates

OYEN	July 25-26
Chinook	July 30
Youngstown	July 31
Calgary	July 8-13
Edmonton	July 15-20

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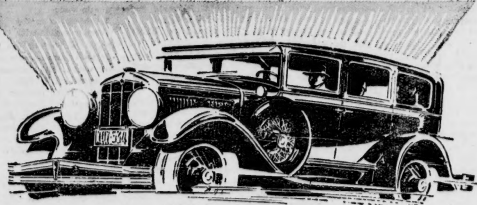
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